



## SENATE HAS A BUSY DAY

### Several Hundred Bills Are Introduced.

### SESSION VERY BRIEF

### Bill Introduced to Prohibit the Use of Insurance Money in Politics.

### HOUSE DISCUSSES THE CANAL

### Oratory Is Limited, However, and Discussion Lasts But Few Hours and Bill Will Come Up Today for Final Reading and Passage.

Washington, Dec. 6.—The Senate began business in earnest today. The session was only a little over two hours in duration, but several hundred bills and resolutions were introduced and referred to the committees.

There were resolutions dealing with the question of the national regulation of insurance companies and the contributions of funds for political parties, by national banks.

Senator Foraker presented his railroad rate regulation bill; Gallinger, his merchant marine subsidy bill; Lodge, his bill providing for the maximum and minimum tariff rate schedule in the interest of reciprocity and Culberson, his bill for making it a penal offense to use the money of insurance companies in politics.

Objection was made to the consideration of the resolution offered by Tillman, for the investigation of the subject of national bank contributions, for campaign purposes, and the resolution went over.

### DISCUSSION IN HOUSE

### Bill Appropriating Money for Canal is Considered.

Washington, Dec. 6.—With an opportunity for unlimited debate on the subject of the Panama canal, the House exhausted its oratory on that subject, in a session of four and three-quarter hours today. The bill appropriating \$16,500,000 for canal work, which was the subject of discussion, will be read for amendment and placed on its final passage tomorrow.

The feature of the debate was the criticism indulged in by both Republicans and Democrats, regarding the incompleteness of the statement of expenditures, and the estimates furnished by the Canal Commission.

Hepburn, the so-called "press agent" of the Canal Commission, was criticized by several speakers, and the lack of definite information as to the existence of such a position was shown.

The place was declared to carry a salary of \$10,000 a year, and some curiosity was manifested to know what were its duties.

### Would Save Constitution.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Representative McNary of Massachusetts today introduced a bill providing for the transfer of the frigate Constitution to Castle Island, Boston Harbor, or use in the naval museum.

### To Study Conditions.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Senator Gallinger today introduced a bill authorizing a commission to study economic conditions in Japan and China.

### Mitchell Resigns.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Vice President Fairbanks received a telegram from Senator Mitchell of Oregon yesterday resigning the chairmanship of the senate committee on interoceanic canals. He will probably be succeeded by Millard of Nebraska.

### NOTHING TO BE ASHAMED OF

New York, Dec. 6.—William E. Corey, president of the United States Steel Corporation, in a statement today concerning the report that he and Mrs. Corey were separated, and that he intended to marry Mabelle Gilman, an actress, after his wife had obtained the divorce, says it is true that Mrs. Corey and he have irreconcilable disagreements, and he understands that Mrs. Corey is now in Nevada. He says if Mrs. Corey contemplates a divorce he will not oppose it. Says he is well acquainted with the lady whose name is connected with his, but that there never was any conduct between them of which either need be ashamed.

## DEPEW WILL QUIT

### Hands in Resignation as Trustee of Equitable Life.

### McCALL TO WAIT TILL APRIL

### At the Request of the Trustees He Will Postpone Presenting His Resignation to Avoid the Necessity of Electing a Temporary President.

New York, Dec. 6.—The resignation of Senator Depew as a director of the Equitable Life Insurance was one of the most interesting developments today in the insurance situation.

The report was published today that President McCall of the New York Life would not resign before the April meeting of the trustees, and that he will not tender his resignation at the meeting of trustees next Wednesday, because of the request of the trustees who, the report says, did not wish to elect a temporary president. The publisher report also states that the presidency of the New York Life will be offered to John C. Claffin, of H. B. Claffin & Co., and that he will refuse the office.

The attention of the investigation committee today was devoted chiefly to the affairs of the Security Life Insurance Company, of Binghamton, N. Y., whose president, Charles M. Turner, was on the stand the most of the day.

### Depew's Resignation Received.

New York, Dec. 6.—The resignation of Senator Depew as a director of the Equitable Life was received today by President Morton. Morton said the resignation would be acted upon at the meeting of the directors December 27.

# RUSSIAN WOMAN KILLS ARMY GENERAL

## ENTERS HIS HOUSE AND FIRES THREE SHOTS

### Event Creates Profound Impression In St. Petersburg Where It Is Feared Other Revolutionists Will Follow the Woman's Example.

### SPECTRE OF MILITIA DICTATORSHIP GAINING CONSISTENCY

### Count Witte is Fast Losing Faith in the Good Faith and Political Tact of the Russian Thinking Classes, and With it His Hopes of Carrying Out the Liberties Promised in the Czar's Manifesto—Critical Moment Will Arrive When the Liberal Elements Demand the Resignation of Witte.

London, Dec. 6.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Telegraph in a dispatch dated December 5, via Eydtkuhunen, says that Lieutenant General Sakharoff, former Minister of War, was assassinated today. The Government had deputed Sakharoff to visit the province of Saratog, for the purpose of quelling agrarian riots.

A woman belonging to the so-called "Flying Column" of the revolutionary movement, called at the house of the Governor of Saratoff, at noon, and asked to see Sakharoff. She fired three shots at the General, killing him on the spot. Tidings reached St. Petersburg tonight. The event created a profound impression owing to the fears that revolutionists here will follow her example.

The spectre of military dictatorship, which has been looming on the horizon is slowly gaining consistency and sharpness of outline. The correspondent says he is convinced that Witte is losing faith in the good sense and political tact of the Russian thinking classes, and with it his hopes of carrying out the liberties promised by the Emperor's manifesto. There are signs of collapse of the telegraphers' strike, with two thirds of the operators applying for work, but this is prevented because the lines have been cut.

Father Gapon has gone to Paris under mysterious circumstances which the correspondent is not at liberty to state.

### THE CRITICAL MOMENT

### Beginning of Movement For Witte's Dismissal Made by Agriculturists.

Berlin, Dec. 6.—The Tagblatt's St. Petersburg correspondent, in a dispatch sent via Eydtkuhunen, dated December 6, says the situation is visibly growing worse.

The critical moment for Witte is coming when the Liberal elements will demand his resignation. A resolution adopted by the Agriculturists at Moscow, demanding the immediate dismissal of the President of the Cabinet, denotes the beginning of the movement away from Witte and the indications are that this movement will gain in intensity.

### FATHER GAPON PREACHES

### Warns Socialists They Cannot Arouse the Peasants.

St. Petersburg, Tuesday, Dec. 5. (via Helsingfors).—The telegraphers tried to meet this afternoon at the hall of the Technical society, to discuss ways and means to keep up the strike, but were compelled to disperse by the police captain, backed by a squadron of Cossacks, on the ground of violating the regulations.

The League of Leagues called on the workmen, and on all friends of freedom to donate a day's wages to the cause of the telegraphers, and warned the railroad telegraph operators, they

must cease to transmit any except service messages.

Father Gapon is continuing to preach to the workmen against the revolution, saying the strike tactics are sure to eventually turn into a reaction, and jeopardize the freedom purchased by blood. He warns the Revolutionists and Socialists they cannot arouse the peasants by their political demands, but are more likely to raise up a counter revolution.

### Mutineers Shot Down.

St. Petersburg, Tuesday, Dec. 5. (via Eydtkuhunen).—Private accounts from Kieff, say the mutinous troops were shot down in a narrow lane by the Cossacks, the mutineers being caught between two fires.

### Mutiny at Moscow.

London, Dec. 6.—A dispatch to the News Agency from St. Petersburg, dated December 5, says that 22 persons were killed and 40 wounded, at Kieff, after the regular battle. A dispatch of the same date, from St. Petersburg, to another News Agency, sent by way of Eydtkuhunen, says that three battalions of infantry at Moscow, have mutinied but no details are given. The same dispatch states a general strike has been declared at Kharhoff.

### Situation Is Terrible.

St. Petersburg, Dec. 6.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Matin says that letters received from Manchuria describe a terrible situation among the soldiers there. Men are practically starving and refuse to listen to their officers. Harbin is pillaged.

### Not Guards But Domestic.

St. Petersburg, Tuesday, Dec. 5. (via Helsingfors).—It is explained at the American embassy that the marines who arrived here yesterday, do not constitute a guard, but were sent to perform service at the embassy.

### Sakharoff's Cruelties.

London, Dec. 6.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times says: "I am informed on excellent authority that a revolt of the St. Petersburg garrison is certain to occur. The newspapers print harrowing details of the whipping by order of General Sakharoff, of the peasants whom he was sent to pacify."

### Troops Are Ready.

Lod, Dec. 6.—The troops have received secret orders and are ready to cope with the anticipated Jewish demonstrations.

### PATRICK SENTENCED.

New York, Dec. 6.—After a final plea in his own behalf, Albert T. Patrick, convicted of the murder of William Marsh Rice, was today sentenced to death in the electric chair, for the week commencing January 22.

### ESTIMATES FOR HARBOR WORK

### Secretary of Treasury Recommends Appropriations.

Washington, Dec. 6.—In an estimate sent to Congress today, the Secretary of the Treasury recommends the following appropriations to be made at the present session of Congress to meet expenditures authorized by the last river and harbor bill:

Mouth of the Columbia river, \$300,000. Columbia river between Vancouver and the mouth of the Willamette, \$30,000.

Continuing the Celilo canal, \$250,000. Improving the river from Portland to the sea, \$125,000.

There are no estimates for new river and harbor works, and no money is asked to continue the work at the mouth of the river.

Other estimates are:

Salem Indian school, \$116,200, to educate 600 children, make repairs and erect a new bakery.

Erecting a keeper's dwelling at Cape Blanco light station, \$5000.

Establishing a light station at Cape Arago, \$20,000.

Additional dwelling at Yaquina light station, \$4000.

To construct a light vessel for duty off Port Orford reef, \$120,000.

### MONSTROUS SUGGESTION.

Boston, Dec. 6.—Acting Mayor Whelton today issued a call for a meeting at Faneuil hall, for Saturday, to protest against what he terms the "Monstrous suggestion of the Secretary of the Navy" that the historic frigate Constitution be broken up.

## CHURCH SEPARATES

### Bill Passes French Senate Dividing It From State.

### ANNOUNCED WITH ENTHUSIASM

### "Long Live Republic" and "Long Live Liberty" Are Cries that Greet Measure and French Clergy Is Disposed to Conform to the New System.

Paris, Dec. 6.—The Senate today adopted a bill for the separation of the church and state, by a decisive vote, which was announced amid enthusiastic scenes and cries of "Long live the republic" and "Long live liberty."

This is the final parliamentary stage bill which will be promulgated in the official journal tomorrow, when it will become effective immediately.

The action of the Vatican is not definitely announced. The French clergy while opposing the measure, appear to be disposed to conform to the new system.

### NEUHAUSEN PROMOTED.

Portland, Nov. 6.—Thomas B. Neuhauser inspector in the surveyor-general's and district land office, today received information from Washington that in recognition of his services in connection with the land fraud investigations he has been appointed special inspector for the interior department. There are only three such officials in the country. Mr. Neuhauser will enter on the duties of his new office on January first.

## QUIETED WITH AMMONIA

### Mrs. Berry Is Overcome By Chemical Fumes.

### QUICKLY OVERPOWERED

### Has Held Fort in Railway Coach Against Officers Since Last Friday.

### TALKS RATIONALLY IN JAIL

### Identity of Woman Is Finally Settled When James F. Barry, of Lexington, Ky., Visits Her in Jail and Recognizes Her as His Divorced Wife.

Girard, Kan., Dec. 6.—Mrs. Irene Berry, who since Friday last had held the town officials at bay from her fort in toilet room of a Frisco railway coach on the tracks here, was removed today shortly before noon, after she had been partially overcome by the fumes of ammonia. A bundle of rags saturated with the drug had been pushed through the window of the toilet room. Before surrendering, Mrs. Berry fired one shot at her captors, but without effect. Before she could shoot again, Mrs. Berry was overpowered by two officers.

After being reassured that the officers and people of Girard were her friends and that the officers had come to protect her, the woman made but feeble effort at resistance. She was removed in a carriage to the county jail and placed under the care of the city physician. Once inside the jail and made confident that the attendants were working in her behalf, Mrs. Berry quieted down and talked rationally.

Emaciated by her long fast and weakened from the loss of sleep and from exposure, the woman presented a pitiable appearance. Her clothes were torn, her face and hands badly soiled and her hair disheveled.

After Mrs. Berry had been in jail some time the effects of the ammonia fumes became apparent. Her throat and eyes were swollen and she was seized with a fit of trembling that practically amounted to paroxysms. She improved rapidly, however, under the treatment of a doctor, who said the woman would suffer no serious injury from the ammonia.

### Ex-Husband Identifies Woman.

Lexington, Ky., Dec. 6.—The identity of the woman who for several days defied the authorities at Girard Kan., was fully made today when James F. Barry, a grocer here, visited the officers of a local law firm. Mr. Barry says the woman is his divorced wife. Although he has again married, he says he will assist her in her trouble.

### ST. PAUL NEEDS RAILS.

New York, Dec. 6.—The Iron Age tomorrow will say in the course of its weekly review, that the St. Paul road has called for 60,000 tons of rails, the first installment for the Pacific coast extension.

## IRISH CONVENTION BECOMES HOME RULE DEMONSTRATION

Dublin, Dec. 6.—Today the proceedings of the Nationalist convention resolved itself into an uncompromising Home Rule demonstration. Resolutions were passed denouncing the government of Ireland, outlawing William O'Brien,

and supporters, unless they sign party pledges, expressing disbelief in the promises of the Liberals and pledging the support of John Redmond. The Moderates were howled down and forced to leave the platform.

## FOOLISH TO FEAR DEATH THEN SHE TOOK POISON

Schenectady, N. Y., Dec. 6.—Miss Louise Westwood, a young society woman was dining in a restaurant with a friend last night when the conversation turned upon death. She spoke of those who feared death as foolish people.

Then she left her friend for a few minutes and had no sooner reseated herself at the table than she fell to the floor dead. A doctor was called, who after an examination declared she had taken poison.